THE Caledonian Mercury.

No. 9527. EDINBURGH, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 21. 1782.

A MAN WANTED,

QUALIFIED for making Hard Soap and Candles.—For further particulars, let them apply to James Dairymple merchant in Falkirk or the Publisher of this paper.

DYSART FIRE ENGINES.

WANTED, a PRINCIPAL ENGINEMAN, who, under the Engineer, can direct and superintend the other enginemen, take charge of the materials necessary for the engines, and work an engine himself when required. He must be a man of approved sobriety, honesty, and fidelity, as well as ability, and produce testimonials accordingly.—Any person whom this may suit will treat with proper encouragement, by applying to the Directors of the Coal Company at Dysart.

ROSIN

TO be SOLD by public roup, at the Warehouse of ALLAN, STEUART, and COCHRANE, upon Tuesday the 24th current, at twelve o'clock precisely, in Right Lenton's YellowROSIN.

IRISH LINENS.

MRS. JOHN MOIR has just now received a new assortment of IRISH LINENS, from 11 d. 7 d. to 4 s. which she is selling off at her shop opposite to the Cross as formerly.

NORWAY TAR.

JUST imported, a Cargo of thick NORWAY TAR, fit for sheep, to be sold by J. JAMESON and COMPANY, in Timber Bush, Leith.

SALE OF RAW SUGAR.

TO be SOLD by public Auction, at the Warehouse of Messrs RAMSAY, WILLIAMSON, and CO. Leith, on Monday 30th current, at one o'clock noon,

SIXTEEN TIERCES of MUSCOVADA SUGAR, fit for the scale or boiling.

They will be exposed in different lots, for the accommodation of purchasers, and may be seen an oday before the sale.

DESERTED,

From the South Fencible Regiment at West-Barns Camp, the 17th September 1782.

JAMES MORRISON, 5 feet 6 inches high, 21 years of age, reddish complection, long visage, grey eyes, and red hair; born in the parish of Carluke, in the county of Lanark, by trade a labourer.

WILLIAM HIGHGATE, 5 feet 8 inches high, 23 years of age, brown complection, long visage, grey eyes, and brown hair; born in the parish of Dreghorn, in the county of Ayr, by trade a joiner.

Both went off in their full regimentals.

Whoever apprehends, and secures the above Deserters, shall receive TWO GUINEAS for each, over and above what is allowed by act of Parliament, by applying to the Commanding Officer of the South Fencible regiment.

BY THE RIGHT HONOURABLE

The Lord Provost, the Magistrates, and Council of the City of Edinburgh,

THERE is to be exposed to public roup, in the High Justiciary Court-room, on Wednesday the 26th day of October next, at five o'clock afternoon, A SET, for two years after Martinmas next, of the following branches of the

CITY OF EDINBURGH's COMMON GOOD, viz.

1. Impost on Wine, and Merk per pack.
2. Weigh-house of Edinburgh, and Leather Market, with the Customs of the Still-yard in the Grass-market for weighing hay.
3. Weigh-house of Leith, and Lofts above the same.
4. House of Muir and Sheep-Flakes.
5. Lawn and Flesh Markets, and Tallow Tron.
6. Poultry Market and Bread Market, with the Veal Boards.
7. Meal and Corn Markets.
8. Fruit Market and Fruit Mette.
9. Shod Carts and Caddy Maily.
10. Fish Market.
11. New Flesh Market of Leith.

The conditions of roup to be seen in the City Clerk's Chamber.

TO be SOLD, for exportation and home consumpt, by public roup, on Thursday the 10th of October, at the warehouse in Penman's land, Quality-street, Leith,

PART of the CARGO and MATERIALS

of the Ship GREVENDE SHIMELMAN, of and from Copenhagen for St Croix, viz.

A parcel of Silks.
Muslins,
Muslin Handkerchiefs.
Indian Cotton ditto.
Linen ditto.
Nankeens.
Silk Stockings.
Thread and Cotton ditto.
Plain Linens.
Striped ditto.
Checquered ditto.
Table Cloths and Table Napkins.
Leather Gloves.
Sewing Silk.
Brown and white Threads.
White Thread Lace.
Black silk ditto.
Ribbons.
Mens Shirts ruffled.
Osnaburghs.
Russian Canvas.
Wrappers.
Cotton Dimitties.
Printed Cottons.
Coils Cordage in coils.
Hamburgh Lines in bank.
Square Iron.
Tallow in casks.
Butter in ditto.
Tar in ditto.
Brandy in ditto.
Rhenish Wine in ditto.
Vinegar in ditto.
A parcel of Oak Staves.
Linseed Oil in casks.
Anchovies in bottles.
Materials of Ship, consisting of Cables, Hawsers, Anchors, and Old Sails.

Catalogues with the particulars, to be had from Samuel Anderson, Edinburgh, or P. Wood, Leith. The goods to be seen from eleven till two o'clock, on the three days preceding the sale.

A NEUTRAL VESSEL FOR HAMBURGH.

THE FRAU MARIA,

Capt. HANS CHRISTIAN HOLTZ,

Is now lying in Leith harbour, ready to take in goods for Hamburgh, and will sail in eight or ten days.

Apply to Messrs Ramsay, Williamson, and Co. Leith.

NEUTRAL SHIP for St THOMAS.

THE DANISH SNOW CHRISTIAN and KAREN, Andreas Anderson master, is now taking on board goods at Greenock, for the *Danish* Island of St Thomas, and is expected to be clear to sail about the 1st October. Such as are inclined to embrace the present favourable opportunity of transporting goods to that island, are requested to apply immediately to Hamilton, Maciver, and Co. merchants in Greenock, or to Martin and Kerr merchants in Leith.

The Christian and Karen is a stout vessel, and completely manned with Danish seamen.

By ARCHIBALD COCKBURN, Esq. of Cockburn, Advocate, Sheriff-depute of the county of Edinburgh.

WHEREAS copies of the Militia Bill, under the consideration of Parliament last winter, the plan for an internal defence, on a new footing, for North Britain, together with a copy of the resolutions of a meeting of Gentlemen, held in Edinburgh on the 5th of August last, relative to nominal and fictitious qualifications not existing at present of Members of Parliament—have been transmitted to the Sheriff, intimation is hereby given, That the said plan for an internal defence, on a new footing, and the said Bill, with the copies of the Militia bill, and Resolutions aforesaid, will be laid before the Freeholders of this shire, at their Michaelmas head court, to be held within the Parliament or New Session-house of Edinburgh, on the first Tuesday of October next, when it is requested that the Freeholders and others, who may think themselves interested in any of the matters before mentioned, will attend. Not to be repeated.

By Order of SIR JOHN STUART of Allanbank, Bart. Convener of the County of Berwick.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Noblemen, Gentlemen, and Freeholders of said County, That, besides the several matters mentioned in a former advertisement, there is to be laid before them, at their General Meeting on the 1st day of October next, Copy of a "Bill presented by the Marquis of Graham to the House of Commons "in May 1782, for the better ordering of the Militia Forces in that "part of Great Britain called Scotland;" which has been transmitted to the Sheriff for that purpose, and is now lying in the hands of the Sheriff-clerk of Duns, for the perusal of the Noblemen and Gentlemen of the county.

COUNTY OF LANARK.

THE Michaelmas head Court of the County of Lanark is to be held at Lanark, on the first day of October next, being the first Tuesday after Michaelmas, and claims of enrolment are judged with the Sheriff-clerk for

James Maxwell of Williamwood, and
Robert Dunmore of Kelvinside, merchant in Glasgow.

Upon the same day, and at this place, it is requested that all the Knights and Gentlemen of the county may meet, to advise and take into their consideration, "Copy of a bill presented by the Marquis of "Graham to the House of Commons in May 1782, for the better order-"ing the militia forces in that part of Great Britain called Scot-"land," which has been transmitted to the Sheriff for that purpose, and is now lying in the hands of the Sheriff-clerk at Lanark for the general perusal of the gentlemen of the county; and also the Scotch militia bill for arming the people of Scotland, with observations thereon, which has been transmitted to the Convener of the County.

JA. CUMISON, CLERK.

Castle Hyde, Sept. 19. 1782.

THE presence of the Noblemen and Gentlemen of the county of Fife is requested at Cupar on Tuesday the 1st of October. On which day there will be laid before them the plan proposed for the internal defence of this country—the bill presented to the House of Commons, by the Marquis of Graham, last session of Parliament, for the better ordering the militia forces in Scotland,—and also certain alterations proposed relative to freehold qualifications.

It is hoped, when subjects of so much importance are to be under consideration, those interested will attend.

By order of the Sheriff.

STIRLING-SHIRE

THE Michaelmas Meeting of the Freeholders of this County is to be held at Stirling, upon Tuesday the 1st day of October 1782, and a claim is lodged for inrolling

Robert Belche of Cromyhill,

in the roll of electors, by said date, to be made use of at that meeting.—There will be laid before the meeting the Sketch of the proposed bill for the establishment of a constitutional, useful, and safe defence for this part of the united kingdom. It is therefore expected the attendance of the Freeholders and Commissioners of Supply will, upon this occasion, be such, as the importance of a great national object requires.

COUNTY OF FORFAR.

THE Michaelmas Head Court of the Shire is to be held at Forfar, on Tuesday the first October; and claims are lodged with the Sheriff-clerk for

William Kerr of Dunbarrow,
Alexander Watson of Turin, and
Alexander Watson younger of Turin,

to be inrolled in the roll of Freeholders of the county.

As there will be laid before the meeting a Sketch of a Bill for the better ordering the Fencibles of North Britain, and other matters of consequence, it is hoped that all concerned will attend.

COUNTY OF AYR MEETING Adjourned.

Ayr, September 17. 1782.

THE Noblemen, Gentlemen, and Proprietors of Land in this County met here this day, in order to take into consideration the "Sketch of a Bill for the better modelling the Fencibles in that part "of Great Britain called Scotland," are unanimously of opinion, that it is highly necessary and expedient to provide for the internal defence of this part of the united kingdom, in a more effectual manner than has hitherto been done; and adjourned the meeting till Thursday the 26th of September current, when the particulars of the Sketch of the proposed Bill are to be taken into consideration. And it is requested that the Noblemen, Gentlemen, Proprietors of Land, and others concerned, will then be present. And they appoint this advertisement to be inserted in the public news-papers.

COUNTY OF INVERNESS.

AS the Michaelmas Head Court of this County takes place on Tuesday the first day of October next, the Justices of Peace, Commissioners of Supply, and Heritors, are requested to attend on that day, in order to take under their consideration the proper mode to be adopted for securing the internal defence of this part of the united kingdom, when there will be laid before them a Sketch of a Bill, with Observations thereon, drawn up by a committee of Noblemen and Gentlemen lately met at Edinburgh; together with remarks on said bill by a meeting of Commissioners of Supply assembled at Inverness on the 13th current, in consequence of a circular letter from their Convener. As also, another Bill which was presented to Parliament last session, by the Right Honourable the Marquis of Graham. There will at the same time be submitted to their consideration, Minutes of two General Meetings of the Committees of Counties, held in August last, relative to the drillery; and various minutes relative to the present mode of electing members to serve in Parliament.

Such Heritors as cannot attend in person, and incline to support the intended application to Parliament for putting the election laws on a more constitutional footing, will please direct their agents at Inverness to pay in their subscriptions to the Sheriff-clerk of that meeting.

The foresaid Sketch of a Bill, and Observations thereon, together with a copy of the Militia Bill, and Minutes of the several Committees, are lodged in the Sheriff-clerk's Office at Inverness, for the inspection of all parties concerned.

PERTH ACADEMY.

THE Academy will soon, for the ensuing session, upon the 1st October next, and rise the 1st of August thereafter.

The following Branches of Science are taught by the respective Masters.

The FRENCH LANGUAGE, WRITING, ARITHMETIC in all its parts, and BOOK-KEEPING.

All the branches of the MATHEMATICS,—particularly Euclid's Elements, Plane and Spherical Trigonometry, the Conic Sections, Algebra, with its applications; and Geography, with the uses of the Globes.

GENERAL MENSURATION, including Gauging and Surveying, with the uses of the several instruments; Fortification and Navigation, with the application of the several instruments used at sea.

PERSPECTIVE, DRAWING, and the ORDERS of ARCHITECTURE.

NATURAL PHILOSOPHY and ASTRONOMY, for the explaining and illustrating of which the Academy has a good apparatus.

Two years are necessary to pass through the above course, but any student may attend the first year, without attending the second. The fees for French and Drawing are half a Guinea per quarter. The other branches are taught by the Masters, for the fee of Two Guineas.

N. B. Mr Gleson, Master of the Academy, boards young Gentlemen at the terms of 5 l. per quarter. He has genteel accommodation for them, and superintends their studies.

DUNSE, 15th September 1782.

THE Grammar School of Dunse having been this day publicly examined before several of the Heritors of Dunse, a Committee of the Presbytery of Dunse, and many of the Parents of the Children, they were so highly pleased with the proficiency of the scholars of the several classes, in Latin, Greek, and French, that they think it a duty incumbent upon them to give this public testimony of their approbation of the abilities and assiduity of Mr WILLIAM DICK present Master of the Grammar School of Dunse; and as this School has long been eminent for distinguished masters, they are happy to inform the Public, that Mr Dick is fully equal to any of his predecessors.

Dunse is a healthy and delightful town, situated in the centre of the county of Berwick, and there is good accommodation for boarders.

ROBERT BOWMAKER, Modr.
ARCHd. SWINTON.
ROBERT AINSLIE.
ALEXr. CHRISTIE, jun.
ALEXr. MURRAY.
JAMES MURRAY.

Scurvy, Gout, Rheumatism, &c.

To Mr SPILSBURY, Chymist, Soho Square, London.

SIR,

Edinburgh, Aug. 25. 1782.

I HAD been grievously afflicted with a scurvy in my legs for several years, to such a degree as to render me some considerable time incapable to work at my business of bookbinding. I had tried many remedies, but found no benefit. In this distressful situation, I was determined to make trial of Spilsbury's Antiscorbutic Drops, sold by Mr Elder, bookseller in Edinburgh, and by the use only of a few bottles, through the blessing of God, am now perfectly whole. JOHN M'QUEEN.

Attested by
J. E. MACGREGOR, Minister of the Gaelic Chapel, Edinburgh.
SAM. CAMPBELL, Bookbinder.

☞ The Drops are vended in bottles of 2s. and 7 s. 6 d. but in Autumn 1783, will be raised to 3 s. and 10 s. 6 d. &c. illustrated with 70 Cases, Accounts on the scurvy, Gout, Diet, &c. illustrated with 70 Cases, Price 3 s. 6 d. may also be had at Mr Elliot's, Edinburgh; Mr J. Duncan, Glasgow; Mrs Thomson, Aberdeen; and Mr E. Wilson, Dumfries.

TO THE PROPRIETOR OF

PETTON's NERVOUS CORDIAL DROPS.

"SIR,

"I WAS seized with the influenza about the beginning of summer, "and continued long badly. I had recourse to the best advice, but "found myself no better. I was for two months in so reduced a situ-"ation with faintings, sickness, and other languid complaints, that my "life was despaired of, being thought in a deep consumption.——At "length, being advised to try Petton's Nervous Drops as a restorative, "I took first a dose of the true Daffy's Elixir, and then the Nervous "Drops, according to the directions; and, by the time that I had "made use of one bottle and a half of the above Drops, found myself, "from a most pitiable condition, restored to my health and strength, "insomuch that I am now able to wask for the support of my family. "—The above I wish to be made public, for the good of others.

(Signed) JOHN HORSEBURGH.
Shoemaker in Nicolson's Parks.

Petton's much famed Nervous Cordial Drops.

For all Afflicted with Nervous and Weakly Complaints.

THESE Drops are a most innocent preparation, of the finest Castor.—Castor is much given by the most knowing for raising and composing the spirits. But nothing like this elegant preparation of Castor has ever appeared in this country, as it not only prefectly strengthens the stomach and whole body, but gives a firmness to the constitution. The maker has had many acknowledgments of nervous consumptions, palsies, and all paralytic disorders, convulsion fits, epilepsies, rheumatisms, with many other languid diseases, being perfectly cured by this valuable and nourishing cordial, which, for safety, may be given to the youngest infant, in bottles of 3 s. and 5 s.

CHEMICAL OR PECTORAL DROPS;

Being a speedy cure for Coughs, Colds, Chincoughs, Asthmas, Phthisics, Wheezing, Shortness of Breath, and all sorts of Consumptions. They have long had a great demand for being as restorative as Asses Milk, but much more healing and powerful. They may also be used with great advantage along with Asses Milk, as their effects are so quick. They carry off a cold in young or old in two or three times using.—In Bottles at 3 s. and 5 s.

An uncommonly fine sort of DAFFY'S ELIXER, which has been long preferred by many judges to any other kind, and is particularly adapted for stomach and scurvy complaints, cholics, &c.—In large square bottles, at 1 s. 6 d. and phials 6 d. each.

N. B. The above has been long sold with great success by the undermentioned Mrs YATES, who will satisfy any as to particulars.

They are sold by C. WATERSTON, at her shop, Lawn Market; A. Smith, Bridge Street; R. and E. Yates milliners, Writer's Court, Edinburgh; William Coke bookseller, Leith; James Duncan and James Gillies bookfellers, Glasgow; John Gillies bookseller, Perth; Thomas Chapman merchant, Dundee; William Ritchie merchant, Arbroath; D. Buchanan bookseller, Montrose; Mrs Thomson bookseller, Aberdeen; Alexander Davidson bookseller, Inverness; Alexander Stuart bookseller, Dunbar; Francis Jollie bookseller, Carlisle; Alexander Nisbet bookseller, Berwick; and William Watson bookseller, Greenock.

A TAN-WORK FOR SALE.

THERE will be exposed to sale by public roup, upon Friday the 11th day of October next, at four afternoon, within the house of Robert Wharton vintner, King's Arms, Ayr,

One TACK, for two hundred and seventy-three years after Martinmas 1796, of the Houses and Garden of Bridge-House, with the Tan-houses and Tan-yard lately erected thereon; and of two Parks or Inclosures, extending to four acres;—all lying within the parish, and near to the town of Ayr, presently occupied by Messrs Christian, Hunter, and Co.

This work is very complete, and well situated for water and every other conveniency; and will be shown by Hugh Donaldson manager, and one of the partners.

The tack and articles of roup to be seen in the hands of Robert Aitken writer in Ayr.

From the LONDON GAZETTE, *Sept.* 17.

Admiralty-Office, Sept. 14. 1782.

Extract of a letter from Lieutenant Arthur Hayne, commanding his Majesty's cutter Cruizer, to Mr. Stephens, dated Weymouth Road, September 11, 1782.

YOU will be pleased to acquaint their Lordships, that on the 10th instant, at one P. M. the Start of Alderney bearing S. by W. distance six leagues, we discovered a sail to the northward and, after a chace of seven hours, came up with and took her.

She proved to be Le Dette Commandant, of eight guns and three pounders, and 32 men; and commanded by William Ripner. This cutter belonged to Dunkirk.

Admiralty-Office, Sept. 16. 1782.

Extract of a letter from Captain Courtenay, Commander of his Majesty's sloop Ekmouth, to Mr Stephens, dated off Cape Le Hage, September 11, 1782.

I AM to inform you, that at nine A. M. I fell in with a small French cutter privateer off Cherbargh, and another sloop her prize, which she had taken the preceding evening off the isle of Wight, both of which I captured after a short chace, and sent the privateer to Guernsey, and the English sloop to Weymouth. This privateer had only eight men on board; the master, whose name is Moor, has been lately a strolling player in the west of England.

I am further to inform you, that, on the 7th of this month A. M. I gave chace to a French galley, a cutter, and a sloop, and drove them on shore under the forts of Catteret.

INTELLIGENCE from LLOYD's, *Sept.* 17.

The Warren Friends, Dumey, from London to l'Orient and Bourdeaux, having received damage by bad weather, in going from l'Orient to Blane, to be repaired, struck on a bank, and though every assistance was given, she could not be got off; her masts, sails, and rigging, are saved, and it is expected most of her materials will also be saved.

The Alert privateer of Alderney, Captain Falaise, has taken and sent into Falmouth the Hampton, an American schooner, from Virginia to Cadiz, with 80 hogsheads of tobacco and slaves.

Hull, 14. Last night arrived the Brothers Allin, from Naiva: She is one of the ships that met the Dutch fleet, and put into Gottenburg, from which place she has been a month; but only came out of Norway last Sunday; saw no enemy. Captain Allen spoke the British King, Moody, from Petersburg for London, in the North Sea.

Kinsale, 7. Arrived his Majesty's ship Montague, of 74 guns, Admiral Lord Rodney, Captain Bowen; Flora of 40 guns, Captain Marshall, and Alert sloop, Captain Miller, all from Jamaica: also arrived the Pilgrim, of and from Virginia for Cadiz, with 70 hogsheads of tobacco, taken by the Lightning privateer of Liverpool. Wind S. S. E.

The Cats Delight, Morris, is retaken, and carried into Penzance.

Portsmouth, 14. The Furnace and Infernal fireships will sail with the trade for the Downs, as soon as the wind permits. The Grafton and Elisabeth, repairing here, are in great forwardness, and will be out of dock in a short time. Wind E.

Elsinore, 7th September. The Mercury frigate arrived, and brought up below the Castle two days ago, and the convoy sails hence the first fair wind.

The N. S. de Piedade, Pereira, from Bristol to Lisbon, in going down the river just below Pill, she went on shore, and is become an entire wreck.

Plymouth, 12. Arrived from a cruize the Cormorant man of war. Sailed on a cruize the Rainbow man of war.—13. Sailed the Recovery frigate, to join Lord Howe's fleet, which passed by this port last night on their way to Gibraltar.

From the London Papers, Sept. 17.

Paris, Sept. 6. They write from Cadiz, that Governor Elliot having sent to M. de Crillon, desiring he would permit the women to quit the place, that they might not be exposed to the inconvenience of the siege, M. de Crillon refused to grant his request.

The convoy from the Isle of Aix has been obliged by contrary winds to cast anchor again. The Triton and Sagittaire, of 64 guns each, has received orders to carry M. de Bouille to the West Indies, with a body of 1500 grenadiers and Chasseurs.

L O N D O N.

We are extremely happy to being able to inform the Public, that notwithstanding the confidence with which the report relative to the capture of Gibraltar was propagated, it now turns out, even by the avowal of the Paris Gazette, to be without foundation. Indeed, notwithstanding the respectableness of the gentleman to whom the letter containing the account came, and whose name we could have mentioned if we had thought proper, there were so many doubtful circumstances attending it, that it was with the utmost caution we laid it before our readers; and not without pointing out those circumstances, which, in our opinion, did not entitle it to belief. At present there does not appear to have been the smallest foundation for it, unless, indeed, we are to admit the truth of an article from Paris, in one of the Hague Gazettes of this day, of "a *rumour* there that the Hanoverians had mutinied, and that the Spaniards availing themselves of the occasion, had taken possession of an advanced work very near the Land-Grate." This article, which is dated Paris, Sept. 5. probably gave rise to the account contained in the letter, and seems to have as little truth in it, especially as the writers own, "that they know not by whom the intelligence was brought, nor upon what it is founded." *St James's Chron.*

The Supplement to the French Gazette, received yesterday by the Flanders mail, contains a continuation of the journal of the siege of Gibraltar down to the 24th of August inclusive, at which time nothing remarkable had happened: Some prisoners they had taken reported, that there were only 400 sick in the garrison, and that there were casemats which would entirely shelter the troops and provisions. The report, therefore, which has been so prevalent for some days past, respecting the surrender of that important fortress, on the 17th or 18th of August, must be groundless, and fabricated to answer some bad purpose.

A great number of letters lately received from Gibraltar, agree, that the most perfect harmony prevailed in the garrison; that the Governor was held in as high estimation as any British officer ever experienced, equally on account of his humanity, bravery, and professional skill. Some of these letters also represent the Hanoverian troops to have attracted very particular notice from the Governor, by the cheerful manner in which they discharge their duty, and the exactness of their discipline.

On Sunday evening Government received official accounts from Lord Howe, of his having passed Scilly Islands, and got clear of the Channel on Thursday at five P. M. the fleet was then in three divisions; the van under Admiral Barrington, and Admiral Hood; the centre under Lord Howe and Sir Richard Hughes; and the rear under Admiral Milbanke and Commodore Hotham; the Bristol, Capt. Bayney, and two frigates being to the windward of the fleet towards the French coast, for the better protection of the fleet towards the French coast, for the better protection of the several convoys; the East Indiamen sailed next to Admiral Barrington's division; the store ships, transports, West Indiamen, &c. between the center and Admiral Milbanke's division; each of the divisions had two attending frigates, a fireship, and a sloop, or a cutter; the Commander in Chief two cutters. The order of sailing was to be altered as soon as the fleet got across the Bay of Biscay, when the East and West India fleets will separate, and the Gibraltar convoy is to come into the center of the fleet, the Commander in Chief opening his division, and dividing them into two lines for their greater safety.

Four cutters are gone out with Lord Howe, to bring home dispatches from him as soon as he arrives at Gibraltar.

A reinforcement is immediately to be sent out to Lord Howe, it being determined that a part of his fleet shall sail (soon after Gibraltar is relieved) to join Admiral Lord Hood at Sandy-Hook.

A second fleet of transports, with provisions and stores, will be ready to sail for Gibraltar by the latter end of next week.

Yesterday an officer arrived at the Admiralty, with dispatches from Governor Elliot at Gibraltar; these dispatches are dated the 2d inst. and contain the agreeable intelligence of the Governor having destroyed the famous masked battery, that the Spaniards had been at so much expence in erecting, and that the garrison were in good health and spirits, and not under the least apprehensions from the attack of the enemy.—By intelligence received from some deserters, Governor Elliot learned that the Duke de Crillon entertained very sanguine hopes of success previous to the destruction of this battery, but since that period he had relaxed much in his firing, and it was supposed meant soon to raise the siege. The vessel that brought these dispatches is arrived at Portsmouth.

By a letter dated the 12th of July last, from the British Consul to a friend in town, from Fyal, received last Saturday by the Lisbon mail, the frequent accounts we have received of the South American revolt, are confirmed by the arrival at Fyal of a Portuguese vessel from Rio de Janeiro; and further, that their Chief, or King, was actually at the head of 50,000 Indians; that their vengeance seemed chiefly to be directed against the clergy, whom they massacred without distinction. These accounts say, that the inhabitants of Buenos Ayres were preparing to take themselves and their effects away by the speediest conveyances possible.

We have a letter from Brussels, dated the 13th of September, which speaks confidently of an insurrection in Holland, by the French party, in which the person of his Serene Highness the Prince Stadthulder is said to have been laid under confinement. But as the Dutch Gazettes brought by the mail arrived this day, and dated the 13th of the same month, mention no such matter, though they particularly speak of his Highness, there is no doubt but the report is without foundation.

Upwards of 450 sail of merchantmen are expected home under the different convoys that, in all probability, will arrive in the course of three weeks, viz.

200 from Jamaica.
210 from Elsinore; and
40 from the Leeward Islands.

The sailors on board the above ships will enable Government to man the following men of war, which are now equipping with the greatest dispatch, viz.

Grafton	74	Trident	64
Albion	74	Belleisle	64
Triumph	74	Europe	64
Elisabeth	74	Ceres	58
Pegase	74	Salisbury	50
Bombay Castle	74	Princess Caroline	50

By a standing order of the Admiralty, the seamen arriving from long voyages are to have a fortnight's leave of absence, and their wages to be paid on their return.

The convoy sailing out at Brest, which is designed for the West Indies, consists of eight ships; one of 80 guns, four of 74, and three of 64, all completely repaired; the first a new ship.

The Russian squadron, which was lately in the Downs, has returned again to the north. Their fleet for the Mediterranean has not yet sailed from Elsineur.

A Guernsey man arrived at Southampton yesterday noon, and says, that the preceding day he met the grand fleet under Lord Howe, who had then made the last tack on the British coast down Channel, and by the course he steered, seemed to be opening Ushant, intending thereby, as he believed, to run in close by the French shore. Some of the frigates were so near him, as to endanger their being run down.

Letters from Paris of good authority assert, that the French Ministry are so divided, that several resignations are daily expected, which it is believed will cause a change of system, as well as a change of men.

A courier was dispatched late on Saturday to Berlin, where, after receiving instructions from the British Minister, his orders are to proceed directly for St Petersburgh, for which Court, it is said, he is to be charged with dispatches of the very first importance.

It was yesterday confidently asserted, that the Court of Madrid had sent a remonstrance to the cabinet of Versailles, declaring, that Spain was heartily sick of the war, and could not consent to take a share in it much longer, if tolerable terms of peace could be procured from Great Britain.—In consequence of this report, stocks rose considerably.

The Isle de Bas, where Commodore Elliot is cruizing with four men of war and a cutter, is just at the mouth of our channel, opposite Falmouth, and commands the harbours of Morlaix, St Maloes, and St Paul de Leon, where small ships are fitting out. The Isle de Bas is to the above mentioned ports what the Isle of Wight is to Portsmouth; the breaking off the sea it makes them commodious and safe harbours; the island is, however, not more than a fourth as big as the Isle of Wight.

PRICES OF CORN AT CORN EXCHANGE, Sept. 16.

Wheat, 30 s. a 49 s.	Boiling ditto 26 s.
Fine ditto.	Tick Beans, 22 s. a 27 s.
Rye, 20 s. a 23 s.	Small ditto, 28 s.
Oats, 13 s. a 15 s. 6 d.	Fares, 20 s. a 25 s.
Barley, 18 s. a 22 s.	Fine Flour, 45 s.
Malt, 29 s. a 34 s. 6 d.	Second Sort, 44 s.
Grey Peale, 20 s. a 24 s.	Rape Seed, 18 l. 10 s. per last.
White ditto, 21 s. a 24 s.	

PRICE OF STOCKS, Sept. 16.

Bank Stock last.	India Stock, —
4 per cent. Ann. 1777, 72¼ a ¾ a ½.	3 per cent. Ann. last.
3 per cents con. 58 a 57¼.	India Bonds, —
3 per cent. red. last.	Exch. Bills, 4 d. prem.
3 per cent. 1726, —	Navy Bills, 1st dis.
Long Ann. 16 13-16ths a 17.	Lot. Tick. 16 l. 10 s. a 8 l. a 9 l.
Short Ann. 17—, 17¼ a 12-16ths.	3 per cent. Strip. 59¾ a ¼.
South Sea Stock, —	4 per cent. Strip. 73¼ a 73¼.
3 per cent. Old Ann. —	Light Lit. Ann. 17¼ a 7-16ths.
Ditto, New Ann. 57¾	Omnium, —
Ditto 1758, —	

WINDSOR AT DEAL.

Sept. 16. S. E.

EDINBURGH.

Extract of a letter from London, Sept. 17.

"The act of immediately executing the culprits without delay, and without distrimination, is rather hasty and injudicious, if not unjust. How many who are deserving of mercy, will receive the execution of the law in its most rigorous exertion. It surely is not necessary, because guilt spreads, that mercy should contract itself. No; if guilt encreases, punishments should be examined and corrected; for the laws require as much observance as crimes. It is owing to the bad principles of many of our penal laws, that we find them rather incitements to revenge than repentance. The late convict-law has been productive of this fatal consequence. It, therefore, becomes the business of the Legislature to repeal it, and substitute that which may be thought more adequate. It is an alternative in every species of government, of the last expediency, when Majesty is to be resorted to for an encrease of terror on the minds of his subjects; it is always dangerous, and has been often fatal to that country wherein it has been adopted.

"The Bombay Castle, which has been so frequently announced as being with the fleet, is now lying at the Nore as a guardship.

"Admiral Parker is expected to sail from the Downs for the East Indies, in order to supersede Admiral Hughes.

"By letters from Petersburgh, dated August 16. we learn, that the couriers arrived there from the Courts of France and and Spain, have brought the respective answers of those Courts relative to the last proposals of peace made by the two Imperial Courts; and that the Ministers of the above southern powers have communicated them to the Vice Chancellor, Count D'Osterman, in a conference which they had with him on Tuesday last; but nothing has hitherto publicly transpired of the contents of those answers.

"Within the space of a week no less than six families from Paris have come to different houses in St James's, and some of them belonging to the most distinguished nobility in France.

"It is hoped, for the honour of this country, the scene of negociation for peace will be fixed where it ought, viz. in London; and let those Ministers who conducted the war be the plenipotentiaries for negociating an honourable and lasting peace."

Thursday last, the Right Honourable the Lord Provost of Edinburgh received a letter, subscribed by the shipmasters trading from Leith to London, as well as from the different seaports on the east coast of this country, complaining of the very great hardships they labour under for want of a regular convoy. They state, in particular, that though the Inspector frigate came here, for the special purpose of convoying the trade, there was not water in any of the harbours in the neighbourhood to let out any of the ships; of course they lost that opportunity. They afterwards received sailing orders from Captain Brunton, of the Flirt sloop of war; and accordingly set sail on Sunday morning last, but were put back by contrary winds. Soon after this they were informed by Captain Brunton, that he had got an express from the Admiralty, ordering him on a different service. As the ships now lying in Leith Roads, exposed to severe gales of wind at this season of the year, have on board cargoes worth more than 200,000 l. sterling, the shipmasters beg of the Lord Provost, that he would represent these facts to the Lords of the Admiralty, and endeavour to procure greater dependence upon convoys in future.

In consequence of the above requisition, the Lord Provost wrote a very spirited letter to the Lords of the Admiralty, enclosing a copy of the letter to his Lordship from the shipmasters, which he dispatched by express on Thursday evening.

It is with particular pleasure we inform the Public, that the Baltic fleet, bound to the Frith of Forth, are safe arrived, as well as those bound for the different ports in England. The Roebuck came with the Scots trade from Shields, and after seeing the Leith ships into the Frith, went as convoy to the several vessels destined for the different ports in the North. This great and valuable fleet, for the safety of which so much anxiety has been occasioned, met with no obstacles in their way, nor saw any enemy.—*See Leith and Sealock Shipping.*

By letters from Cork of the 9th inst. we are informed, that Lord Rodney left Admiral Greaves at Bluefields, Jamaica, to which place he sailed from Port Royal 5 or 6 days before Lord Rodney's departure. Admiral Greaves comes home in the Ville de Paris, with nine sail of the line, and has under convoy all the French prizes, with a great number of merchantmen, and may be expected in about three weeks.

From the same quarter we learn, that Lord Rodney has been sent a supply of fresh provisions from Kinsale, and will not come on shore, but sail for England the first fair wind.

We have the pleasure to inform the public, that Sir Charles Douglas, Bart. is not come home with Lord Rodney, but is gone to America first Captain to Admiral Pigot; and that Lord Hood, and the officers of the fleet in general, are very well satisfied with the appointment of Admiral Pigot.

On Wednesday, his Excellency General M'Kay reviewed the military camp at West-barns. The troops went through their different manœuvres in a manner that did them the greatest credit, and much to the satisfaction of a genteel company of spectators. The General was pleased to testify his thanks in a very handsome manner for their good behaviour.

On Thursday, General M'Kay reviewed the 21st regiment, which also received the approbation of the General for their good conduct.

On Wednesday the 14th current, Major Commandant Dalrymple, of the Loyal Irish regiment, was admitted an honorary burgess of Glasgow, by the Magistrates and Town-Council, in testimony of their approbation of his gallant behaviour at taking Fort Omoa, and other services done his country.

Thursday last, Mr William Fraser, Deacon of the Incorporation of Hammermen, was unanimously elected Deacon Convener of the Incorporated Trades of this city.

Extract of a letter from Dublin, Sept. 14.

"Wednesday evening six pieces of ordnance were sent from the arsenal, first, to be placed at Ringsend point, and three at Moss-street, to be discharged as a signal to the city on Earl Temple's arrival in the bay, where his Lordship is hourly expected.

"The ardour for raising the 20,000 men voted by Parliament for the navy of Great-Britain, was sufficiently damped, as soon as the nation began to see the bubble-security of their freedom by *simple repeal*; but as if government seemed determined to afford every handle for frustrating their own wishes, the affair of the *sensible regiments* was the most impolitic stroke, in respect of *time* as well as nature, that could possibly be devised effectually to damn the business."

Extract of a letter from New-York, 24th July, to Major Poynton, of the 21st regiment, now at Edinburgh.

"People in general talk much of peace, many wagers are laid that it will be confirmed by next packet; but though I do most sincerely long for peace, I fear it will be patch'd up greatly in favour of the rebels, and against Britain; which I should be sorry for, as I am sure the rebels are at a very low ebb at this time; and it is expected Washington will very soon be obliged to disband his men for want of money to pay them, as they can raise none by taxes, and the New England Yankees are quarrelling among themselves, and send off flags to exchange their prisoners, contrary to Washington's positive orders. Within a few weeks, a number of vessels have come in here from that part of the country with provisions, and got protections from the Admiral."

A gentleman of Glasgow, just arrived from New York, *via* Cork, has favoured us with the New York Gazette of the 29th July last, from which we have extracted the following articles:

Halifax, July 2. Last Friday, arrived his Majesty's ship Lord Cornwallis, ship Lion, &c. from Lunenburg: By a gentleman who came passenger, we are informed, that, on the first of this month, a party of ninety men, under the command of Lieutenant George Paterman, landed from five rebel privateers, (the largest mounting 16 guns) at Red-Head, about two miles from Lunenburg, who marched to the town about four o'clock in the morning, which they took by surprise. At the same time the privateers sailed up to the town, after which they proceeded to plunder it, by taking away the merchandise, money, wearing apparel, and a great many of other valuable articles, to the value of 10,000 l. and after ransoming the town for 1000 l. burning a block house, and the dwelling-house of ——— Creighton, Esq; they sailed out of the harbour of Lunenburg between five and six o'clock last Monday evening. They took ——— Creighton, Esq; and one or two men prisoners, and carried them off.

Philadelphia, July 20. Monday last, the birth of the Dauphin was celebrated here with great joy and festivity, by his Excellency M. de Luzerne, Minister Plenipotentiary of France. Te Deum was sung at ten o'clock in the morning. At the Minister's house, a temporary adjacent edifice being erected, and most elegantly variegated with significant pictures and devices, emblematical of our alliance, &c. (which discover the elegance and taste of the inventor) were assembled, by invitation, a very numerous and brilliant company of citizens, officers, &c. amongst whom were his Excellency General Washington, the Count de Rochambeau, Governors Moore, Dickinson, and Livingston, and a number of other respectable personages. They were highly entertained with a concert of music, from half after seven till nine o'clock in the evening, when the scene changed to a regular and beautiful display of fireworks directly in front of the edifice, which was at that moment beautifully illuminated. The evening was closed with dancing, music, and a repast. The whole was conducted with the greatest order and decorum, and the entertainment surpassed in magnificence every thing of the kind yet exhibited in this country.

Captain Stillwell and Sharpe left France, in company with Captain Webb, in the ship Resolution of 20 guns, (bound on a cruize.) Fifteen days after they were out, they captured the ship Glasgow, Captain Blaine, from Glasgow, with a cargo of provisions and dry goods, to the value of 6000 l. sterling.

New York, July 29. The General Court at Boston broke up at the beginning of this month, and Messr. Montgomery and Lee, the two Congressional Ambassadors, lately sent to wheedle the eastern provinces into a submission to the intolerable exactions of the Congress, for the further support of their tyranny, are returned empty handed.

They produced letters from the agents of Congress at the Courts of France, Spain, and Holland, to shew that there was a probability of succeeding in their negociations for loans of money. They alledged that the Congress treasury was empty; that the contractor, who had gone to Philadelphia for six weeks, had not return without money; that the cattle, purchased upon credit, was stopped in the pastures by the owners; that the whole arrear was upwards of seventy thousand pounds in debt: and declared, that if money was not immediately furnished, all was over: That a general uneasiness prevailed in their army; that it was with the utmost difficulty the army could be kept together, upon a promise made by General Washington of having relief within a limited time, then nearly elapsed. To satisfy the Ambassadors, experiments were made in their presence of various motions for grants of money, from eight hundred thousand pounds downwards, but all failed, and not a farthing could be obtained, the usurpation daring no longer to trifle with the distresses of the people, whom they have already undone.

To the Printer of the CALEDONIAN MERCURY.

SIR,

As the consolatory lines, addressed to Dr Gilbert Stuart, which, in your last paper, seem to allude to some strictures which appeared in your paper of the 12th of August last, I beg you will allow me to give Mr I. D. the following answer.

P.

THE heart accords to merit's praise, and you
Have paid the tribute that is merit's due;
But say, when Genius' brightest lustre glows,
To point the dart that rancorous malice throws,
When envy glares malignant in each page,
And wit seems made a sacrifice to rage:
Say, is there more that coolest candour can,
Than praise the *writer* and condemn the *man*?

FOR THE CALEDONIAN MERCURY.

The LOVER's COMPLAINT.

AH, me! how little thinks the blooming fair,
While she her tender lover sets despair;
She little thinks, while beauty's charms are gay,
How quick these charms and pleasant youth decay!

Thus sweetly on Esk's banks poor Damon plays,
When all the world to rest dull Morpheus lays;
Then 'neath yon aged willow leans him down,
And sighs for Anna—more than George's crown.

Edin. Sept. 19. J.

To the Printers of the CALEDONIAN MERCURY.

GENTLEMEN,

ANXIOUS for the honour of my country, and claiming the right of my birth, send you the inclosed for publication in the Caledonian Mercury. Your inserting, or refusing which, will convince me of the state of freedom and slavery in Scotland.

I am, your very humble servant.

W. STEWART.

No 158, *New Bond Street*,
London, Sept. 16*th* 1782.

The Right Honourable the EARL OF BUCHAN.

My Lord,

PARDON this boldness from a stranger, and be pleased to accept his most grateful thanks, for your laudible endeavours to rescue his country from indignity and oppression, to a just sense of her own inherent rights and privileges.

My Lord, to succeed in the great and glorious work of saving a country, or restoring liberties which have been long dispensed with, and trampled under, will require true firmness, perseverance, and sound integrity; all which, I trust, are fully possessed by the nobly disinterested, and magnanimous Earl of Buchan. My Lord, among many evils which attend a Scotchman, that of being accounted alternately servile and proud, is very striking; the consequence of which is enough to make him curse his country, and wish he had been born a Jew or Hottentot. Now, my Lord, as public opinions never become very prevalent without some foundation, it is wished the cause were traced out, and effectually eradicated. Does it lie in the mode of education in Scotland, which imbibes an abject subordination, or in the arbitrary conduct of masters to their servants? or, lastly, in the tyranny of our great men to their dependants, and their *own* truckling dispositions to those in power for places? Be this as it may, the last idea operated so much with me, that, in an Essay upon the Union, so far back as August 13, 1773, in the Public Ledger, there appeared these words:

"Nay, ravish'd with the whistling of a name,
"See Scotland damn'd to everlasting fame."

My Lord, this is a melancholy prediction, yet I fear will be found a true one, until our Nobility and Gentry think it more honourable to live independent, respected, and beloved, in Scotland, than hated and despised with a gratuity in England. And here it may not be improper to enquire, whence it is, that in England an Irishman is a much more respectable character than a North Briton. Is it because his country contributes more effectually to her interests, and is more submissive to her authority? No man, in his senses, can answer in the affirmative. Are they of greater renown in point of courage and honesty? or, is it because Ireland, sensible of the inefficacy of begging, praying, and petitioning for redress of grievances, boldly arms herself, and, by her own importance, quickly commands attention? In my humble opinion, my Lord, this is the real cause. Look into human nature, and you will find that we are more apt to despise, than hear the supplications of those who cannot help themselves. When, therefore, Scotland solicits again for a Militia, let it be done with that spirit one man shews to another on refusing him his due; and, my life for it, while she asks nothing more than a participation of immunities, rights, and privileges with England, her request will not be in vain. My Lord, by the articles of Union, we are entitled to all this; and as no people upon earth are more tenacious of encroachments upon their liberties than the English, they can never be displeased at our standing up for that, which, under like circumstances, they themselves would dispute: Nay, so far from it, that I am confident every liberal Englishman would rejoice to see such an independent spirit among us. My Lord, when I think of the tameness of Scotland, under such an insulting clause as that proposed for the Scotch militia bill, I find myself warm with indignation. Can there be a more flimsy awkward compliment?

"The Scotch are an active people, and fitter for this service;" That is, in plain English, while the Scotch are kept poor, they will be more ready to forfeit their liberty, and stand as marks to be shot at, for sixpence *per* day, than the English; but if they are permitted to thrive, and live as comfortably as we do ourselves, with equal security, then, indeed, it will be as difficult to get recruits in Scotland as in England.—Very generous truly!—What! did the mover of this indignant clause consider Scotland as only subservient to the drudgery and menial purposes of England? *Or, did the despicable meanness of our representatives authorize him?*—Will the treaty of Union bear such an illustration? No, my Lord, as well might we expect a coherence between fire and water, as unanimity and friendship, from such a supposition.

The voice of all good men therefore is, that no distinction may be made between us: and yet, so long as Scotland suffers herself to be distinguished for poverty, distinctions will still remain.—Do we not observe distinctions between the poor and affluent of the same family? and can it surprise us to discern it among natives? It rests with every patriot friend to Scotland, therefore, to extirpate the bane of this distinction, by raising her credit, in some degree, to an equality with England; and this most certainly may be done by a proper attention to her interests, since it is allowed that the Scotch are an active, frugal, industrious people, and not wanting for good sense.—Once more, my Lord, let it only come to that same, as may incline mechanics from England, of their own voluntary accord, to settle there, and then all will be well.

And now, my Lord, having rather deviated from the intention of this address, I shall conclude, with best wishes for your health, and success in rooting up the evils which disgrace Scotland. I am, My Lord,

With the greatest respect,
Your Lordship's most obedient,
humble servant,
WILLIAM STEWART.

London, Sept. 16*th* 1782.

FOR THE CALEDONIAN MERCURY.

To a REAL FREEHOLDER.

SIR,

I HAVE observed, with much concern, that your arguments for a more equal representation, are by no means urged with that liberality of reasoning which the people, and the friends of constitutional freedom, will require from the man who professe himself their champion. The reform which you support is of a nature so very limited, that no essential benefit can be expected from it. To reduce the fictitious Freeholders, indeed, the bounds of aristocratical influence, by lessening the power of the wealthy proprietor, who derives consequence from his superiority of valued rent. But let it be well remarked, that, supposing this alteration to have place, a change of masters only is obtained; for the suppression of fictitious votes disenfranchises liberty no otherwise, than by bringing the number of wealthy proprietors in a county to be of equal consequence, and to enjoy the same freedom, with the one or two "more wealthy," whose valued rents formerly were superior to *all* theirs.

Thus, if our views terminate there, the people, I affirm, continue no less slaves, and the dispute degenerates into a contention between the *few* and the *many* tyrants.

Perhaps we are incapable of receiving liberty upon a more extensive scale. That wound is dangerous to probe. I shudder at the thought. On a future day I hope addressing myself to the people of Scotland; and it would give me pleasure to have the good opinion and assistance, upon the broad basis of *general* and constitutional liberty, of one whose writings at once pronounce him erudite and intelligent.

JULIUS.

SOUND SHIPPING.

PASSED THE SOUND,

Aug. 21. Diligence of Perth, Hynd, from Perth for Memel, in ballast.
31. Clyde of Carron, Wilson, from Carron for Petersburgh, ditto.
Hope of Aberdeen, Crevie, from Aberdeen for Dantzick, ditto.
William and Agnes of Kincardine, Bruce, from Kincardine for Petersburg, in ditto.
Carron of Carron, Laing, from Allen for Petersburg, goods.
Sept. 4. Elisabeth and Anne of Dysart, Allison, from Gottenburgh, for Petersburgh, with herrings.
Thomas and Margaret of Kincardine, Davidson, from Gottenburgh, for Copenhagen, with coals.

ARRIVED AND REMAIN,

2. Jean of Aberdeen, Gray, from Petersburgh, for Leith, flax.
7. Jean of Dundee, Foremand, from Nerve, for Montrose, ditto.

The English ships of war here are now unmoored; and, we suppose, will sail the first fair wind, with all the ships, for Britain.

ELSINORE, Sept. 7. WALTER WOOD.

LEITH SHIPPING.

ARRIVED.

Sept 19. Endeavour, Scott, from Riga, with hemp, &c.
Mercury, Kincaid, from Bo-ness, with coals and goods.
Henrix, Knape, from Gottenburgh, with dales and iron.
Isobel, Findlay, from Mulda, with tar.
21. Ellock, Wishart, from Petersburgh, with hemp, &c.
Eliza, Sampson, from ditto, with ditto.
Charming Nelly, Pringle, from ditto, with ditto.
Sean, Gray, from ditto, with ditto.
Janet, Currie, from ditto, with ditto.
Six Sisters, Thomson, from Riga, with ditto.
Scotstarvet, Cheyne, from Memel, with logs.
Thomas, Grant, from Aberdeen, with goods.
Betsy and Brothers, Wishart, in the Road.

SAILED.

Betty, Kidd, for Hull, with goods.
Providence, Wilson, for ditto, with ditto.
Friendship, Cowpar, for Newcastle, with kelp.

GREENOCK SHIPPING.

ARRIVED.

Sept. 17. Rebecca, M'Call, from Bristol, in ballast.
Mountstewart, M'Donald, from Rush with salt.
18. Jean, M'Queen, from the Highlands, with kelp.
Jean and Bell, Ferguson, from Dublin, in ballast.

SAILED.

17. Swallow, Cameron, for Bristol, in ballast.
19. Peggy, Munn, from Newry, with goods.
20. Fly, Reid, for Liverpool, with ditto.

NEW BOOKS,

For the use of Subscribers to the
EDINBURGH CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

This day arrived,

ZIMMERMAN on Experience in Physic—Berkford's Thoughts upon Hunting—Essays upon Hunting—Beauties of Hume and Bolingbroke—Edwin and Elfrida—Memoirs of the two Westons—Essay on the Demon of Socrates—Newton's Principia—Price on Mercury, Silver, and Gold—Le Roy on the Prognostic in acute diseases—Candidate, a Farce—&c. &c.

J. BALD continues to add monthly to his collection, the whole of the New Publications, as they appear in London; but if any subscriber finds, that a book or pamphlet has been overlooked, it is requested that the name may be given in, and it will immediately be ordered, let the price or subject be what it will.

Likewise arrived,

A LARGE COLLECTION OF PRINTS,

Among which are the celebrated new ones.

The BATTLE of LA HOGUE, or a Representation of the burning of the French fleet in that harbour by the English under the command of Sir George Rooke, painted by WEST, and engraved by WOOLLET.

The BATTLE of the BOYNE, its companion—painted by the same, and engraved by HALL.—Pair 3l. 3s.

These two are unquestionably the highest finished engravings that ever were published in Britain, and may be justly esteemed as a considerable addition to the national reputation of unrivalled excellence in this elegant and delightful art. They are of the same size with the much-admired print of the Death of General Wolfe, and Penn's Treaty with the Indians, by the same artists, who are to continue the series of English historical prints, by the two following, for which subscriptions are already opened, viz. Oliver Cromwell expelling the Long Parliament, and General Monk meeting King Charles the Second on the beach at Dover.

The impressions of the two Battles are remarkably fine, and, from the greatness of the demand for them, it may be supposed, that the plate will soon need to be retouched, and consequently the subsequent impressions far inferior.

FLOWER ROOTS, &c.

JUST arrived from Holland, and to be sold by JOSEPH ARCHIBALD, SEEDSMAN and NURSERYMAN, No. 88. Chapel Street, Nicolson's Park, A fine Collection of Double and Single red, blue, and white Hyacinths; fine Narcissus Polyanthus; double and single Jonquils, for blowing in glasses or pots; fine Ranunculus, Anemonies, Tulips, Crocus Vernus, true Saffron Crocus, Colchicums, Frittillaries, Irises, Lilies, &c.; with a great number of other bulbous and fibrous-rooted Flowers; particularly some fine Aleppo Cyclameos, and several Bulbs from the Cape of Good Hope.

Where also may be had, variety of curious Exotic Plants, Fruit and Forest Trees, Flowering Shrubs, &c. Garden tools; Garden, Grass, and Bird Seeds.

STOLEN.

Edinburgh, 19th September 1782.

THAT, sometime within these five or six weeks, and, as is supposed, under night, A WRIGHT's SHOP, at the foot of the Old Post-office close here, was BROKE INTO, and the following particulars stolen, viz. a Thistle and Rose, of exceeding good carved work; also a number of Crowns, Swords, and Sceptres, all of them the ornaments of the King's seat in the New Church here, before it was lately repaired.

If any of these articles are offered to sale, it is intreated they, and the person offering them to sale, may be detained, and notice sent to Mr Stewart in the Sheriff Clerk's office, or the Procurator Fiscal for this county: And any person doing so, or informing where all or any part of the above articles are, or who committed the said theft, shall, on conviction of the offenders, receive a reward of FIVE GUINEAS.

By order of the Sheriff,
WM. SCOT, P. F.

To be SOLD or LET,

And may be entered to immediately, or at Martinmas next,

THAT elegant and commodious HOUSE in St John's Street, the property of Lord Colvill. Such as wish to be informed of the price, or rent, may apply to William Lumsdaine clerk to the Signet.

SEALOCK SHIPPING.

ARRIVED,

Sept. 18. Leviathan, Nicoll, from Memel, with timber.
Janet, Miller, from Anstruther, with grain.
Peggy, Francis, from Lynn, with ditto.
Johanna, Anderson, from Gottenburgh, with sundries.
Apparantia, Pater, from Ahstrom, with ditto.
19. Marrjon, Henry, from Memel, with timber.
Maria, Helena, Kroistolson, from Norway, with deals.

SAILED,

18. Friendship, Smith, for Lynn, in ballast.
William, Twizell, for Alemouth, ditto.
John, Sheriff, for Leith, ditto.
19. Ferrjot, Richardson, for Lynn, ditto.
Elisabeth, Gowans, for Alloa, ditto.
Molly, Arbuthnot, for Leith, with sundries.
Jean, Brown, ditto.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of the deceased CHARLES DALRYMPLE of Orangefield.

THE Trustees for these Creditors request they would meet, by themselves or their doers properly authorised, at Ayr, in the house of Robert Wharton, King's Arms, upon the 14th day of October next, at mid-day, to take under their consideration a proposal suggested by some of the creditors, and which appears to them and the Trustees to be the most speedy and effectual for paying off the debts.

INTIMATION

To the CREDITORS of ROBERT CAMPBELL, late merchant in Greenlaw.

NOTICE is hereby given, that such of them as do not lodge notes of their claims against him, and affidavits on the verity thereof, in the hands of William Walt writer in Dunse, betwixt and the 17th October next, will be cut out of a share of the said Robert Campbell's funds then converted into money, and recovered, and which will immediately thereafter be divided among those who shall have attended to this notice.

NOTICE.

THE Creditors of the deceased WILLIAM MOFFAT, Writer in Edinburgh, are desired immediately to give in notes of their debts to John Peat writer in Edinburgh, specifying the amount of the same, and how they are constituted.—The House lately possessed by Mr Moffat, at the head of the Old Assembly close, fronting the High Street, and consisting of six rooms and a kitchen, will be let either furnished or unfurnished, from Martinmas to Whitsunday next. For particulars apply to Mr Peat.

FARM TO BE LET, AND CORNS TO BE SOLD, BY ROUP.

TO be LET, by roup, at Walford, on Monday the 23d of September current, at ten o'clock forenoon, the Wester Farm of WALIFORD, as the same was possessed by Mr Finlay the proprietor, at the time of his death, for such a number of years after Martinmas next, as will be notified at the time of roup.

Thereafter, to be SOLD also by roup, the Crops of WHEAT, BARLEY, and other Grains at present growing on said farm, in separate lots, to be specified at the time of roup.

Afterwards, to be rouped, the Work-horses and Labouring Utensils.

The Tacks of the farm of Murrayfield in West Kirk parish, and of Golfhall in Corstorphin parish, as the same were also possessed by Mr Finlay at his death, with the Crop of Golfhall, and some Work-horses, are to be disposed of.

For further particulars, apply to Harry Gutlistone junior, writer in Edinburgh. Not to be repeated.

FARMS TO BE LET.

TO be LET, for nineteen or more years, as shall be agreed on, The FARMS of PUSK and SEGGIEHILL, in the parish of Leuchars, and county of Fife, situated centrically between Cupar, St Andrews, and the Ferry to Dundee. Pusk contains about 382, and Seggiehill about 172 Scotch acres, almost wholly arable. These farms are generally allowed to be two of the most fertile and improveable in the county. The half, or at least the third of the rent to be paid in wheat and barley.

Proposals in writing respecting the above may be sent to James Cheap junior, Esq; the proprietor, at Wellfield, near Falkland; or to Mr Oliver Gourlay, at Craigrothie, near Cupar Fife. Such as are not accepted shall be concealed.

To be LET betwixt and Martinmas next,

THE Lands and Estate of CRUIVIE, situated in the parish of Logie, and county of Fife, about two miles from the ferry to Dundee, five from Cupar, and the same distance from St Andrews.

This estate contains about 400 arable acres, besides upwards of 60 acres of rich meadow, and a very considerable extent of good pasture, affording one of the best sheep-walks in the county. The arable ground is partly a strong clay, partly a light dry soil, remarkably adapted to green crops; and the meadows (which are now in a state of nature) may be drained at a small expence, and will then for many years produce immensely. There are a number of cotteries on the ground, which give a tenant command of labourers at all times, and enable him to dispose of the remote parts of the outfield ground to great advantage.

Every encouragement will be given by the proprietor, by building, draining, or inclosing; and tenants of stock and industry will find this estate an object worthy their attention.

Proposals in writing, for all or any part of the above, may be sent betwixt and the end of September, to Mr Anstruther Advocate, Edinburgh; and such as are not accepted of will be concealed.

N. B. The proprietor would incline that a proportion of the rent was paid in victual.

The ESTATE of GLINS in Stirlingshire, And SEVERAL HOUSES in Glasgow.

UPON Wednesday the 2d day of October next, at 11 o'clock forenoon, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Glasgow, there will be exposed to sale by public roup,

All and whole the Lands and Estate of COLQUHOUN GLINS, and SUPERIORITIES of the Lands of Easter Glins, and of Wester Culmore.

The tenants pay cess, stipend, sallary, and other public burdens; and the present free rental, as mentioned in former advertisments, is about 220 l. Sterling.

The estate is already half way inclosed and subdivided, and the remainder may be easily accomplished, there being free-stone quarries in every part thereof, which will be a great rise of rent.

The whole is very improveable, and may be carried on at an easy rate, there being inexhaustible lime quarries near by. It lies in the middle of a sporting country, a little south of the great road betwix Stirling and Dunbarton, and within seven computed miles of Stirling, within two of the market and post-town of Kippon, and a little more from the bridge of Frew, over Forth. It affords a sufficient freehold qualification in Stirling county; and the lands being low valued, the cess and public burdens bear a light proportion to the rent. There is an excellent mansion-house and garden in the middle of the estate, both in modern taste, and in good order. The office-houses are also commodious, and lately built at much expence, and are in the best repair.

The conditions of sale, and title-deeds of the estate of Glins, to be seen in the hands of James Wright writer in Stirling; and the estate will be shown by Robert Kay or William Robertson at Glins.

And also, upon Thursday the 10th day of October next, at 12 o'clock noon, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Glasgow, there will be sold by public roup, the SEVERAL HOUSES and PERTINENTS in the city of Glasgow, that lately pertained to Mr Buchanan of Glins, which will be shown on calling for Mr Thomas Buchanan writer in Glasgow, in whose hands the title-deeds are, and who will commune with any person inclining to purchase.

GOLFING at St ANDREWS.

THE SILVER CLUB is to be play'd for over the Links of St Andrews on Wednesday the 2d day of October.

TO be SOLD, by public roup, within the house of William Dearn vintner in Falkirk, on Thursday the 26th day of September inst. betwixt the hours of twelve at noon and two afternoon,

The following SUBJECTS which belonged

to the deceased George Thomson merchant in Falkirk, viz. I. A Large TENEMENT, on the south side of the High Street of Falkirk, with a Stable and Garden at the back of the house, consisting of three storeys, besides garret-rooms: In the ground-storey of which there are four good shops fronting the street, with two rooms behind: In the second storey four rooms and a large kitchen, besides closets: In the third storey, four rooms and two closets, above which there are three garret-rooms, two of them plaistered.——II. A TENEMENT on the west side of the Kirk Wynd, near the Kirk Style, consisting of four apartments.——III. A LAIGH HOUSE on the south side of the Backraw, consisting of two apartments.——And IV. An ACRE of LAND at Womnethill, immediately eastward from the town of Falkirk.

The articles of roup, and inventory of the writs, to be seen in the hands of Henry Home writer to the signet; and copies thereof in the hands of Patrick Renny writer in Falkirk; to either of whom, or to Mr David Russel accomptant in Edinburgh, any person may apply for further particulars.

TO be SOLD, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Friday the 22d November next, at five o'clock afternoon,

The Lands and Estate of BALLOCHMYLE,

lying in the parishes of Mauchline, Sorn, Stair, and Auchinleck, and county of Ayr.

There is an elegant mansion house upon the premises, fit for the immediate reception of a large family, with suitable offices of every kind. The garden, shrubbery, and lawn, in which the house is situated, have been lately finished in the modern taste;—the whole in thorough repair.

Particulars may be had of George Martin and Thomas Smith, writers, Argyle's Square, Edinburgh, and Mr Spottiswood, Sackville Street, London.—Mr Bruce, factor at Ballochmyle, will show the place.

SALE OF LANDS IN ROXBURGH SHIRE.

TO be SOLD by public roup, on Tuesday the 24th of September curt. betwixt the hours of four and five afternoon, within the house of Michael Stephenson vintner in Hawick,

The Lands of MUIRMAW, now called LEES, lying in the parish of Wilton, and shire of Roxburgh. The lands are mostly inclosed and subdivided with thorn hedges, and contain plenty of marle, some natural and planted wood. There is a good dwelling house upon the lands, which has been lately built, with proper office-houses; and two ensteads for tenants.

If no purchaser appears for the whole, the lands will be sold in different lots.

The conditions of sale, progress of writs, and rental of the lands, may be seen in the hands of Thomas Usher writer in Hawick; and John Scott at Lees will show the lands.

SALE OF INMARTINE,

Upset Price Mentioned.

TO be SOLD by public voluntary roup, on Thursday the 21st day of November next, at five o'clock afternoon, within the Exchange coffeehouse in Edinburgh, in consequence of a warrant from the Court of Session,

All and Whole the Lands and Barony of INCHMARTINE,

comprehending the Muins and Manor-place of Inchmartine, Easter and Wester Inchmartine, Pitmiddle, Craigdeallie, Mill and astricted Multures thereof; Balgay, Mireside, and Temple Lands of Greenhead, with the teinds of the foresaid whole lands, except those of Balgay, all holding blench of the Crown, and lying in the parishes of Errol, Inchture, and Kinnaird, and county of Perth.

The free rent is 924 l. 6 s. 3 d. 3-12th Sterling of money, 319 bolls 2 firlots, 2 pecks wheat, 361 bolls 2 firlats barley, and 117 bolls meal, with 365 poultry, besides a number of carriages payable when demanded.

The upset price to be 37000 l. Sterling.

This estate lies about mid way between Perth and Dundee, on the two public roads to these towns, in the heart of the Carse of Gowrie, which is known to be one of the most beautiful and fertile countries in Scotland. It is of great extent, and consists of a proper proportion of carse and other grounds; the soil is of the richest and most substantial nature, and produces crops of all kinds of the very best quality. The harony measure is large, and the victual-farm gives the highest prices. The tenants are all in good circumstances, the rents regularly paid, and no arrears upon the estate; which being capable of great improvement, a purchaser will have every prospect of rises as the leases drop.

The fine navigable river Tay runs through the Carse, and there is a harbour in it, within a mile of the estate of Inchmartine.

There are many valuable old trees in the Carse estate, and an extensive thriving young plantation in the hill of Pitmiddle.

The mansion-house, which consists of twelve rooms, besides two wings containing every accommodation for a large family, is in complete order, and stands nearly in the center of the estate, at a proper distance from a large court of offices, a pigeon-house, a fine orchard, and a new garden inclosed by high walls, well stocked with fruit-trees of all kinds. The farm, which surrounds the house, and to which, or any part of it, a purchaser can have access at pleasure, is sufficiently enclosed; and the thriving hedge-rows and stripes of planting on this part of the estate, give a most beautiful and luxuriant appearance to the whole place.

The country abounds with game of all kinds; and the valued rent of the estate is sufficient to give nine freehold qualifications in the county of Perth. Above 20,000l. Sterling of the price, or such part thereof as the purchaser inclines, will be allowed to remain in his hands on proper security.

The progress is clear, and, with the rental, &c. may be seen in the hands of Andrew Stuart, jun. writer to the signet; to whom, or to John Robertson writer in Edinburgh, persons inclining to purchase by private bargain betwixt and the day of sale, may apply.

James Niel gardiner at Inchmartine, will show the estate and the house.

JUDICIAL SALE.

TO be SOLD by judicial roup, within the Parliament or New Session-house of Edinburgh, before the Lord Ordinary on the bills for the time, upon Monday the 25th day of November next, betwixt the hours of four and five afternoon,

The ACRES of LAND, extending to Seven

and a Half, or thereby, lying within the liberty of the burgh of Renfrew, being part of the unentailed subjects which belonged to the deceased James Campbell of Blythswood, Esq; which, for a tack of nineteen years, are proven to be well worth 2 l. 5 s. per acre, and which, for the seven acres and a half, amounts to 16 l. 17 s. 6 d. The proven value and upset price is 388 l. 6 s. 3 d.

Some of these acres are presently let at no less than 4 l. 19 s. per acre; and although they are proven to be worth only 16 l. 17 s. 6 d. of yearly rent in whole, for a nineteen year's tack, yet, by the proof, it appears, that to let them separately, or by acres, they might bring a higher rent; and accordingly they do actually yield at present 23 l. 12 s. 6 d. of yearly rent.

By adjournment, at same time to be sold,

The HOUSES and YARDS at CLAYSLOP, which belonged to the said deceased James Campbell, the upset price of which was formerly 16 l. sterling, but now lowered to 6 l.

The title-deeds of the whole, with the articles and conditions of roup, are to be seen in the hands of James Callendar one of the depute-clerks of session, or George Clapperton writer in Edinburgh; and persons wanting information as to further particulars will please apply to the said George Clapperton.

FOR THE BENEFIT OF TRAVELLERS,

EVERY Tuesday and Friday a STAGE is to set out from the King's Arms Inn, Ayr, at nine o'clock in the morning, for Glasgow, and will arrive there about three o'clock in the afternoon, at the Saracen's Head Inn; from whence another will set out for Ayr at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, the days above mentioned.——Each passenger to pay Nine Shillings.

Tickets from Kilmarnock to be taken out at Mrs Mitchell's, where the horses are changed; and the Stage will begin the first Tuesday of October. The Edinburgh and London Stage sets out from the Saracen's-Head Inn, as usual.

LANDS OF ADAMTOUN.

TO be SOLD at Ayr, in the house of Mr Wharton vintner there, on Thursday the 3d of October 1782, at one o'clock afternoon,

The Lands and Estate of ADAMTOUN, and

Ten Acres or thereby of Land, part of the great meadow called SANQUHAR BOGUE, lying in the parishes of Monkton and St Evox, and shire of Ayr, and within five miles of the boroughs of Irvine and Kilmarnock, and three of Ayr.

As also, The SUPERIORITY of the Lands of Goldring, Crookside, Hillhouse, Ladykirk, and Ladylands; and the Patronage of the parish of Monkton.

The estate is of a very rich quality, lies exceedingly compact, and is properly inclosed and subdivided with ditches and hedges, which are in a thriving condition. The yearly rent of the said estate (valuing the lands in the proprietor's natural possession at a reasonable rate) is about 421 l. sterling.——On the estate there are 40 acres natural wood, which will very soon be ready for cutting; besides which, there are a considerable number of very old trees, properly disposed around a commodious modern mansion-house, judiciously situated, and commanding an extensive prospect of a fertile and well-cultivated country, the frith of Clyde, island of Arran, and rock of Ilsa; and, a proper distance from the mansion-house, there is a very good kitchen garden and orchard, well stocked with fruit-trees of the best kinds.

The lands hold of the Crown, and entitle the proprietor to a vote for the member of Parliament for the shire of Ayr.

The progress of writs to the estate are perfectly clear, and may be seen in the hands of Thomas Adair clerk to the signet; to whom, or to John Boswell writer in Ayr, any intending to purchase may apply for further particulars.

PRICES REDUCED.

JUDICIAL SALE

ADJOURNED TO WEDNESDAY THE 30th DAY OF NOVEMBER 1782.

BY authority of the Court of Session, there is to be exposed to SALE by way of public roup, within the Parliament or New Session House of Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 20th day of November 1782, betwixt the hours of three and five afternoon, before the Lord Ordinary on the bills,

The FOLLOWING SUBJECTS, which belonged to WILLIAM TAYLOR, late Writer in Edinburgh,

LOT I.

The TOWN and LANDS OF SOUTHFODD, *alias* SOUTHFIELD, and whole pertinents thereof, lying within the parish and regality of Dunfermline, and sheriffdom of Fife.

These Lands hold of the Crown. The free yearly rent of the stock, after all deductions, is proven to lie L. 352 5 5 6-12ths. Exclusive of the lime-quarry, which is proven to be worth of yearly rent, 110 2 10

And the proven free teind of these lands is 462 5 6 10-12ths.

Proven free rent of stock and teind, L. 264 10 11 7-12ths.

The SUPERIORITY of the KIRKLANDS of COUPAR, and others, lying within the parish of Coupar, and shire of Fife, holding blench of the Crown. The annual feu-duty payable out of these lands to the superior is two-pence Sterling yearly, the double thereof at the entry of each heir, and 20 l. Sterling at the entry of each singular successor. The valued rent is 264 l. Scots.

The lands of Southfodd, along with the above Superiority, make up a qualification to vote for a member of Parliament in the county of Fife, and are now to be exposed to sale in one lot at the reduced price of 6000 l. Sterling.

LOT II.

The Lands of ETTRICKHOUSE or ETTRICKHALL, with the teinds and whole pertinents, lying within the parish of Ettrick and sheriffdom of Selkirk, holding of the Crown.

The proven free yearly rent of these lands, stock and teind, is 136 l. 15 s. 6 d. 10 12ths Sterling; they afford a qualification to vote for a member of Parliament in Selkirkshire; and are now to be set up at the reduced price of 2000 l. sterling.

LOT III.

THAT INCLOSURE consisting of fifteen acres, and six falls of ground in the fields of Inveresk, commonly called the Wester Fore-Brae, with the teind-sheaves and pertinents of the same, lying within the parish of Inveresk, and sheriffdom of Edinburgh, holding feu of the Duke of Buccleugh, for payment of 2 s 4 s. Scots of feu-duty. The proven free rent of which lands, stock and teind, is 30 l. 17 s. 7 d. 3-12ths Sterling; and the same is now to be exposed to sale at the reduced price of 700 l. Sterling.

The articles of roup, &c. will be seen in the hands of Mr Alexander Ross depute clerk of Session.

SALE OF THE ESTATE OF ORCHARDTON

In the Stewartry of Kirkcudbright.

TO be SOLD, by public roup, within the Exchange Coffee-house, Edinburgh, upon Friday the 29th November 1782, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon, in whole or in parcels,

All and whole the Lands and Estate of ORCHARDTON, lying within the parishes of Buittle, Rerrick, and united parishes of Gelton and Kelton, and stewartry of Kirkcudbright. The whole of this estate lies contiguous, excepting two small farms, consisting only of 34 acres or thereabouts, and the extent of it is 3267 acres Scots measure, whereof 1690 acres are arable, and 1577 acres good pasture-ground. The whole (except a very small part of the pasture-ground) is inclosed, the arable farms subdivided with good fences, and the farm-houses and office-houses are in the very best order, most of them having been built within these few years. The dwelling-houses are timbered with foreign wood, and covered with slate roofs. The present rent of the estate is 1000 l. Sterling, after deduction of all public burdens, and the tenants are all men of wealth, who are carrying on great improvements by means of lime, sea-shells, sleech, &c. with which the estate is plentifully supplied, from its vicinity to the sea, and within the grounds is an inexhaustible store of shell-marle. There are several very safe harbours within the bounds of the estate, and particularly a very good one within 300 yards of the house of Orchardton. Also, on this estate is a considerable quantity of thriving natural wood, chiefly oak and ash, at present very valuable, the whole being of an age fit for cutting.

Upon the lands of New Orchardton there has been lately built a genteel and commodious mansion-house, with a complete set of office-houses and houses for labouring servants, executed in the most substantial manner, fit for the accommodation of any family; and there is a good garden and orchard, well stored with fruit-trees. The house is delightfully situated on the bay of Hilton, in the Solway Frith, and has a commanding prospect of the coast of England on the opposite side of the Frith, which, with the dryness of the situation, makes it a healthy and desireable place of residence. The whole of the lands hold of the Crown, for payment of small feu and blench duties, and stand valued in the cess-books at 1047 l. Scots, which, with two forty-shilling lands of old extent belonging to this estate, entitles the proprietor to four freehold qualifications.

James Baillie writer, at the Stamp Office, Edinburgh, will show the tacks, rental, progress of writs, articles of roup, and a plan and measurement of the estate, to whom, or to William Keith accomptant in Edinburgh (who has power to conclude a private bargain), persons desiring further information may apply.

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